ACADEMY'S ANSWER TO PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE

Pursuant to the provisions of California Code of Civil Procedure §§ 431.30(b) and 1089, respondent Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences ("the Academy") hereby answers the Verified Petition for Writ of Administrative Mandamus pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 1094.5 ("Petition"). The Academy denies, generally and specifically, each and every allegation contained in the Petition, as follows.

- 1. Answering the introductory paragraph, the Academy admits that it terminated petitioner Roman Polanski's ("Petitioner") membership in the Academy. The Academy otherwise denies each and every allegation contained therein.
- 2. Answering Paragraph 1, the Academy admits Petitioner was invited to become a member of the Academy on December 31, 1968, as reflected in Exhibit A to the Petition, and that he thereafter became a member, but the Academy denies that Petitioner is currently a member of the Academy entitled to rights and privileges of members. The Academy is an honorary, volunteer association that retains broad discretion both to invite members and to suspend or expel members. In October 2017, in the wake of a series of revelations of mistreatment of women by Harvey Weinstein, who at that time was a member of the Academy, the Academy's Board of Governors convened a task force to create a code of conduct governing membership standards. The task force consulted with professors of ethics, business, philosophy, and law from Georgetown, Harvard, Notre Dame, and Stanford, as well as experts in human resources and sexual harassment. In January 2018, the Academy approved and announced its Standards of Conduct, a statement of values that its members are expected to uphold:

STANDARDS OF CONDUCT FOR MEMBERS:

Academy membership is a privilege offered to only a select few within the global community of filmmakers. In addition to achieving excellence in the field of motion picture arts and sciences, members must also behave ethically by upholding the Academy's values of respect for human dignity, inclusion, and a supportive environment that fosters creativity. The Academy asks that members embrace their responsibility to affirm these principles and act when these principles are violated. There is no place in the Academy for people who abuse their status, power or influence in a manner that violates recognized standards of decency. The Academy is categorically opposed to any form of abuse, harassment or discrimination on the basis of gender, sexual orientation, race, ethnicity, disability, age, religion, or nationality. The Board of Governors believes that these standards are essential to the Academy's mission and reflective of our values.

If any member is found by the Board of Governors to have violated these standards or to have compromised the integrity of the Academy by their actions, the Board of Governors may take any disciplinary action permitted by the Academy's Bylaws, including suspension or expulsion.

On May 1, 2018, consistent with the Academy's Bylaws, ethical standards, and its stated opposition to any form of abuse or harassment, as reflected in the Standards of Conduct, the Board of Governors voted to end Petitioner's membership in the Academy by a two-thirds supermajority. In response to Petitioner's complaint that he was not given a fair hearing, the Academy invited Petitioner to submit any written information he believed was relevant to the Academy's consideration of whether he should or should not remain a member of the Academy. Petitioner presented a ten page letter from his lawyer advocating his position, over four hundred pages of supporting documents, a copy of a documentary titled *Roman Polanski: Wanted and Desired*, an email from his counsel, and a recorded video statement by Petitioner addressing the Board. All of these materials were presented to the Board of Governors, who voted on January 26, 2019 to uphold Petitioner's expulsion by a more than two-thirds supermajority.

- 3. Answering Paragraph 2, the Academy admits the allegations contained therein.
- 4. Answering Paragraph 3, the Academy admits it operates as a nonprofit mutual benefit corporation.
 - 5. Answering Paragraph 4, the cited statutes speak for themselves.
- 6. Answering Paragraph 5, the cited statutes speak for themselves. The Academy otherwise denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 5.
 - 7. Answering Paragraph 6, the Academy admits the allegations contained therein.
- 8. Answering Paragraph 7, the Academy admits that Petitioner was invited to become a member of the Directors Branch of the Academy on December 31, 1968 and that he thereafter became a member. The Academy otherwise denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 7.
- 9. Answering Paragraph 8, the Academy denies each and every allegation contained therein.

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10. Answering the first sentence of Paragraph 9, the Academy admits Petitioner was notified by letter but denies that Petitioner was "summarily" expelled from membership. Petitioner was criminally convicted by the State of California in Los Angeles County of unlawful sexual intercourse with a thirteen year-old girl in 1978 and has been a fugitive from the Court's jurisdiction for more than four decades. During a regularly scheduled meeting on May 1, 2018, Board members raised the matter of Petitioner's membership in light of the Standards of Conduct. Following a discussion, a motion to expel Petitioner was made, seconded, and then passed with a two-thirds supermajority vote, consistent with the Academy's Bylaws and grounded in the Academy's promotion of the values of respect for human dignity and categorical opposition to sexual abuse and harassment. The Academy notified Petitioner of its decision by letter on May 3, 2018.

Answering the third and fourth sentences of Paragraph 9, the Academy admits that the Academy thereafter offered Petitioner an opportunity for reconsideration, that Petitioner sought reconsideration of the Academy's decision, and that the Academy met on the morning on January 26, 2019. The Academy denies that it summarily denied Petitioner's request for reconsideration. Petitioner was given the opportunity to submit any written information he believed was relevant to the Academy's consideration of whether he should or should not remain a member of the Academy. Petitioner was also invited to either present personally to the Board or to appear *via* videoconference. Petitioner submitted a ten page letter from his lawyer, an email from his lawyer, and supporting documents spanning several hundred pages, which were all provided to the Board. The Academy decided to submit the matter for consideration to the entire Board of Governors for decision at the October 2018 meeting but postponed the decision at Petitioner's request. Petitioner thereafter submitted a videotaped presentation in which he addressed the Board. During a regularly scheduled meeting on December 10, 2018, the Board considered Petitioner's submission and played his video statement for consideration. A lengthy discussion followed, and a vote was taken. In order to ensure that any Board members absent from the December meeting would have a chance to be heard, the Board continued the final decision. At its January 26, 2019 meeting, the Board reopened the topic of Petitioner's expulsion for discussion and allowed members absent from the December meeting to vote on Petitioner's reconsideration request. The final vote total in favor of upholding Petitioner's removal

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exceeded a two-thirds supermajority. The Academy admits that, through its counsel, it communicated the outcome of the vote to Petitioner's counsel on the same day. The Academy otherwise denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 9.

11. Answering Paragraph 10, the Academy denies each and every allegation therein. The Academy's own Bylaws make clear that the Board enjoys broad discretion to expel members for cause and do all other acts necessary or expedient for the administration of the affairs and attainment of the Academy's mission and purposes. Moreover, the Board has discretion to determine the procedure for a hearing or investigation. An expulsion requires a vote of not less than two-thirds of all the Governors. The Academy's expulsion of Petitioner, reconsideration of that expulsion in light of Petitioners submission, and final upholding of Petitioner's expulsion were all consistent with the Academy's own Bylaws.

The Academy denies that it violated California Corporations Code §§ 7341(b) or (c). The full circumstances of this case—including Petitioner's admitted unlawful sexual intercourse with a thirteen year-old minor, his fugitive status, the Academy's paramount interest in upholding respect for human dignity among its members, and the Academy's invitations to Petitioner to present in writing anything and everything he thought relevant to expulsion and to present his case to the Board in person or via videoconference—demonstrate that the Academy's expulsion process was fair and reasonable to Petitioner. The Academy otherwise denies each and every allegation contained in Paragraph 10.

- 12. Answering Paragraph 11, the Academy denies each and every allegation contained therein. Petitioner was invited to submit whatever materials he believed were relevant. He did so, submitting over four hundred pages, including twenty-three exhibits and a detailed memorandum from his attorney advocating on his behalf. Petitioner later submitted additional materials, including an email from his attorney and a recorded video statement personally addressing the Board. The Board continued voting on Petitioner's reconsideration request from its December 2018 meeting to its January 2019 meeting, so that as many Board members as possible could vote. Ultimately, the Board upheld Petitioner's expulsion by a more than two-thirds vote.
 - 13. Answering Paragraph 12, the Academy admits the allegations contained therein.
 - 14. Answering Paragraph 13, the Academy admits the allegations contained therein.

1	15. Answering Paragraph 14, the Academy admits Petitioner has requested that the
2	Academy produce records of the Academy's action. The Academy otherwise denies each and every
3	allegation contained in Paragraph 14.
4	<u>AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES</u>
5	The Academy alleges the following affirmative defenses:
6	FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE
7	16. The Petition is barred by the doctrine of fugitive disentitlement. Petitioner has
8	been a fugitive for over four decades. He pled guilty to one count of unlawful sexual intercourse
9	with a minor on August 8, 1977 and subsequently failed to appear for a scheduled sentencing
0	hearing on February 1, 1978, causing a bench warrant to be issued for his arrest. Fully aware that
1	he was due in court for sentencing, Petitioner instead fled to France. He has not since returned to
2	the United States, where criminal proceedings against him remain pending to date.
3	SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE
4	17. With respect to each purported cause of action set forth in the Petition, any of the
5	acts alleged to have been performed by the Academy, if performed at all, were performed in
6	accordance with, and justified by applicable law.
7	THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE
8	18. With respect to each purported cause of action set forth in the Petition, any of the
9	acts alleged to have been performed by the Academy, if performed at all, were performed in
20	accordance with the Academy's Bylaws, standards of conduct, rules, policies, and regulations.
21	FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE
22	19. With respect to each purported cause of action set forth in the Petition, any of the
23	acts alleged to have been performed by the Academy, if performed at all, did not result in
24	prejudice against the Petitioner, nor did they result in a miscarriage of justice.
25	<u>FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE</u>
26	20. The Petition and each purported cause of action are barred in whole or in part by
27	the doctrine of unclean hands.
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1 SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE 2 21. The Petition fails to state facts sufficient to state a claim for relief against the 3 Academy. 4 **PRAYER** 5 WHEREFORE, the Academy prays for judgment as follows: That Petitioner take nothing by way of the Petition, and that the Petition be denied 6 1. 7 and dismissed with prejudice; 8 That judgment be entered in favor of the Academy and against Petitioner; 2. 9 3. For costs of suit incurred herein; 10 4. For attorney's fees; and 11 For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper. 12 DATED: June 10, 2019 QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART & 13 SULLIVAN, LLP 14 15 16 John B. Quinn Kristen Bird 17 Attorneys for Academy of Motion Picture Arts and 18 Sciences 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

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VERIFICATION

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

I have read the foregoing Answer to Verified Petition for Writ of Administrative

Mandamus and know its contents.

On behalf of Respondent Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences, I hereby verify that the matters stated in the foregoing Answer to Verified Petition for Writ of Administrative Mandamus are true of my own knowledge except as to those matters which are stated on information and belief, and as to those matters I believe them to be true.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed June 7, 2019, in Los Angeles, California.

Dawn Hudson Print Name of Signatory

Signature

1 PROOF OF SERVICE 2 I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within action; my business address is 865 South Figueroa 3 Street, 10th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90017-2543. On June 10, 2019, I served a true copy of the following document(s) described as ACADEMY'S 4 ANSWER TO VERIFIED PETITION FOR WRIT OF ADMINISTRATIVE MANDAMUS 5 on the interested parties in this action as follows: 6 SERVICE LIST Harland W. Braun (Bar No. 41842) harland@braunlaw.com Joshua M. Moonesinghe (Bar No. 316620) josh@braunlaw.com **BRAUN & BRAUN LLP** 10250 Constellation Boulevard, Suite 1020 Los Angeles, CA 90067 Telephone: (310) 277-4777 (310) 507-0232 11 Facsimile: 12 Attorneys for Petitioner Roman Polanski 13 BY ELECTRONIC MAIL TRANSMISSION: By electronic mail transmission from brantleypepperman@quinnemanuel.com on June 10, 2019, by transmitting a PDF format copy of such document(s) to each such person at the e mail address listed below their address(es). The document(s) was/were transmitted by electronic transmission and such transmission was reported 15 as complete and without error. 16 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. 17 Executed on June 10, 2019, at Los Angeles, California. 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28